UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): March 4, 2022

WASHINGTON REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Maryland (State of incorporation)

001-06622 (Commission File Number) 53-0261100

(IRS Employer Identification Number)

1775 EYE STREET, NW, SUITE 1000, WASHINGTON, DC 20006 (Address of principal executive office) (Zip code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (202) 774-3200

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Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure.

On March 4, 2022, the Company posted an Investor Presentation to the investor relations page of its website at ir.washreit.com. A copy of the Investor Presentation is attached as Exhibit 99.1. This information is being furnished pursuant to Item 7.01 of Form 8-K. This information is not deemed to be "filed" for the purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and is not incorporated by reference into any Securities Act registration statements. Our website and the information contained therein or connected thereto is not deemed to be a incorporated herein, and you should not rely on any such information in making any investment decision.

Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits

The following exhibits are furnished with this report on Form 8-K:

Exhibit No. Description

99.1 <u>Investor Presentation - Transformation Update - March 2022</u>

104 Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document).

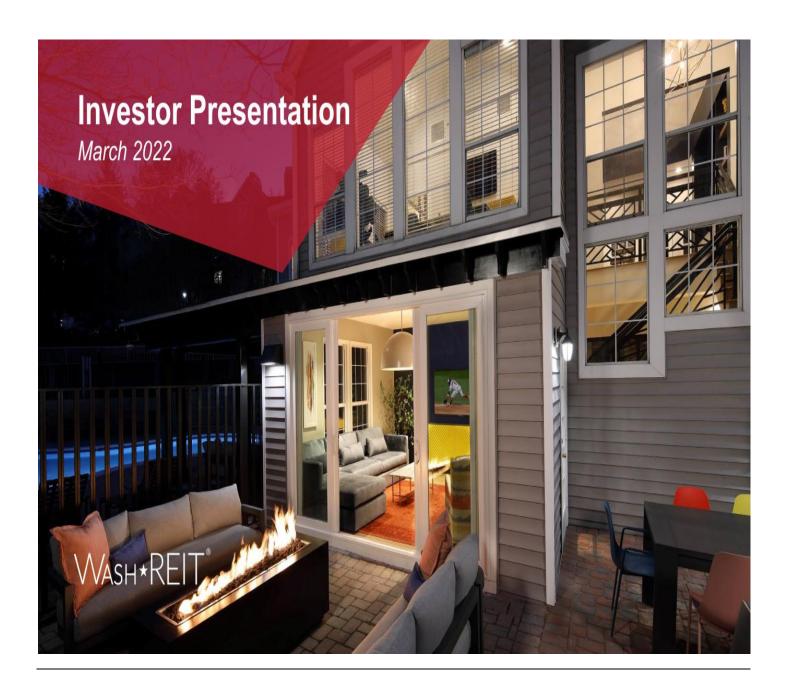
Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements in this presentation are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and involve risks and uncertainties. Forward-looking statements relate to expectations, beliefs, projections, future plans and strategies, anticipated events or trends and similar expressions concerning matters that are not historical facts. In some cases, you can identify forward looking statements by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "may," "will," "should," "expects," "assumed," "pro forma," "target," "intends," "plans," "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "predicts," or "potential" or the negative of these words and phrases or similar words or phrases which are predictions of or indicate future events or trends and which do not relate solely to historical matters. Such statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance, or achievements of WashREIT to be materially different from future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward looking statements. Additional factors which may cause the actual results, performance, or achievements of WashREIT to be materially different from future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to the risks associated with the failure to enter into and/or complete contemplated acquisitions or dispositions within the price ranges anticipated and on the terms and timing anticipated, or at all; our ability to execute on our strategies, including new strategies with respect to our operations and our portfolio, including the acquisition of multifamily properties in the Southeastern markets, on terms anticipated, or at all, and to realize any anticipated benefits, including the performance of any acquired multifamily properties at the levels anticipated; our ability to achieve our anticipated NOI growth and to capture outsized market rent growth; whether our actual 2022 and 2023 NOI for Trove will be consistent with our expected NOI for Trove; the risks associated with the ownership of real estate in general and our real estate assets in particular; the economic health of the greater Washington, DC metro region and the larger Southeastern region; changes in the composition and geographic location of our portfolio; fluctuations in interest rates; reductions in or actual or threatened changes to the timing of federal government spending; the risks related to use of third-party providers; the economic health of our residents and tenants; the ultimate duration of the COVID-19 global pandemic, including any mutations thereof, the actions taken to contain the pandemic or mitigate its impact, and the direct and indirect economic effects of the pandemic and containment measures, the effectiveness and willingness of people to take COVID-19 vaccines, and the duration of associated immunity and efficacy of the vaccines against emerging variants of COVID-19; the availability and terms of financing and capital and the general volatility of securities markets; compliance with applicable laws, including those concerning the environment and access by persons with disabilities; the risks related to not having adequate insurance to cover potential losses; the risks related to our organizational structure and limitations of stock ownership; changes in the market value of securities; terrorist attacks or actions and/or cyber-attacks; failure to qualify and maintain our qualification as a REIT and the risks of changes in laws affecting REITs; and other risks and uncertainties detailed from time to time in our filings with the SEC, including our 2021 Form 10-K filed on February 18, 2022. While forward-looking statements reflect our good faith beliefs, they are not guarantees of future performance. We undertake no obligation to update our forward-looking statements or risk factors to reflect new information, future events, or otherwise.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

	WASI	HINGTON REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST
	(Regis	trant)
	By:	/s/ W. Drew Hammond
		(Signature)
		W. Drew Hammond
		Vice President, Chief Accounting Officer
March 4, 2022		
(Date)		



DISCLOSURES

This presentation does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy any securities of WashREIT, nor shall there be any sale of securities in any jurisdiction in which such offer, solicitation or sale would be unlawful prior to the registration or qualification of such securities under the securities under the securities and properties. If washREIT were to conduct an offering of securities in the future, it will be made under an effective registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and only by means of a prospectus supplement and final prospectus supplement, as well as the final term sheet, if applicable, relating to such transaction will be able to be obtained from the Securities and Exchange Commission at www.sec.gov, from any underwriters in that offering, or by contacting WashREIT at 202-774-3200. Before you invest in any such offering, you should read the applicable prospectus supplement related to such offering, the accompanying prospectus and the information incorporated by reference therein and other documents WashREIT has then filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission for more complete information about WashREIT and any such offering.

Forward-Looking Statements

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Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures and other Definition

This presentation contains certain non-GAAP financial measures and other terms that have particular definitions when used by us. The definitions and calculations of these non-GAAP financial measures and other terms may differ from those used by other REITs and, accordingly, may not be comparable. Please refer to the definitions and calculations of these terms and the reasons for their use, and reconciliations to the most directly comparable GAAP measures included later in this investor presentation.

Definitions and Reconciliation of Certain Forward-Looking Non-GAAP information

This presentation also includes certain forward-looking non-GAAP information. Due to the high variability and difficulty in making accurate forecasts and projections of some of the information excluded from these estimates, together with some of the excluded information not being ascertainable or accessible, the Company is unable to quantify certain amounts that would be required to be included in the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures without unreasonable efforts.

Stratonic Transactions

As discussed in greater detail under the "Forward-Looking Statements" above, there is no assurance that we will execute the transactions and strategies described in this presentation, including the redeployment of proceeds into additional multifamily assets, on the terms and timing anticipated, or at all.

Market Data

Market data and industry forecasts are used in this presentation, including data obtained from publicly available sources. These sources generally state that the information they provide has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable, but the accuracy and completeness of the information is not assured. The Company has not independently verified any such information.

WHY INVEST IN WASHREIT



WashREIT's earnings momentum is building as Southeast acquisitions and historically high rent growth establish a higher baseline NOI level to grow from

With a transformed operating platform and scalable G&A expense base, we expect to deliver improved operating leverage as our portfolio grows

WashREIT currently offers a compelling value proposition, with the opportunity to participate in value creation as we earn a lower implied cap rate

CREATING VALUE FOR SHAREHOLDERS

WashREIT's value proposition reflects a track record of successful capital allocation, solid long-term growth and value-creation prospects, an investment-grade balance sheet and a scalable operating platform



Research-led Capital Allocation

Investment strategy targets deepest segments of demand curve in outperforming markets



Investment Grade Balance Sheet

Available liquidity of \$800 million including undrawn revolver with no secured debt and no scheduled maturities until July 2023



Growing Southeast Footprint

Expanding into Southeast markets and generating double-digit NOI growth on new acquisitions with strong long-term demographic tailwinds



2.9k Unit Renovation Pipeline

Opportunity to renovate and generate mid-teen cash on cash returns based on rent gap between Class B units and Class A in same submarket



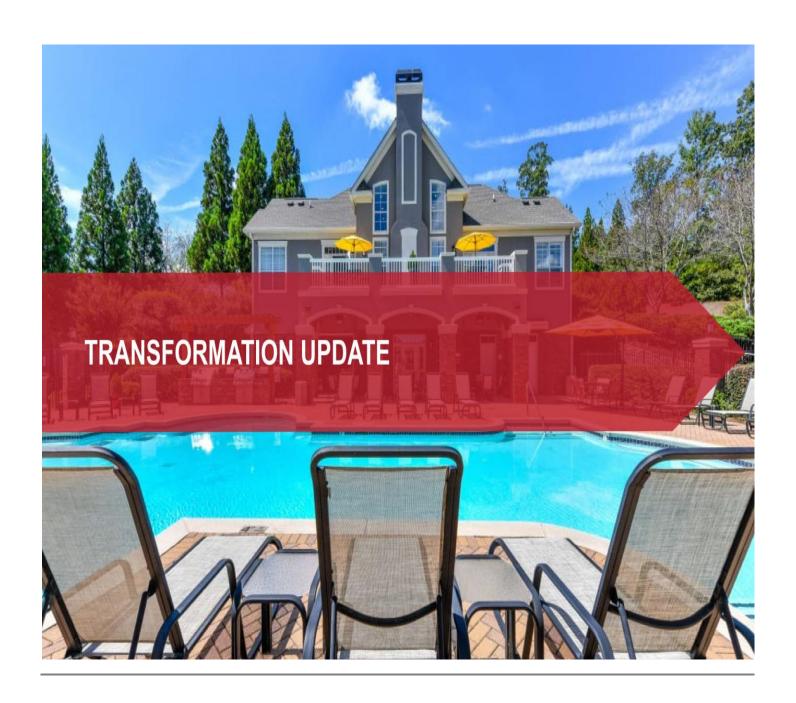
Outperforming Washington Metro

Same-store portfolio is outperforming the Washington Metro overall and is positioned to deliver historically strong rental rate growth through 2023



Scalable Operating Platform

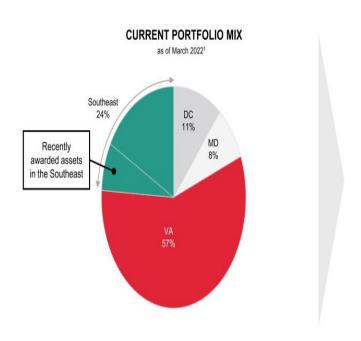
Infrastructure transformation is ongoing and will yield significant operational benefits and efficiencies. Existing G&A expense base supports a doubling of our unit count.

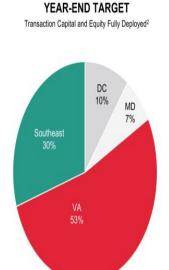


TRANSFORMATION UPDATE

CAPITAL DEPLOYMENT

We have closed or been awarded exclusive negotiation rights for essentially all of our initial \$450 million acquisition target and nearly two-thirds of our 2022 acquisition guidance. We are in discussions in pursuit of additional opportunities and by mid-year, we expect to complete approximately \$100 million of additional multifamily acquisitions in the Southeast. Beyond that, we expect to continue to grow our Southeast footprint.



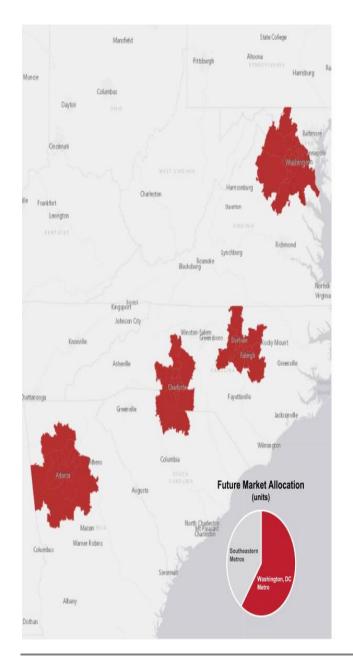


Note: Refer to slide 2 for certain disclosures regarding Forward-Looking Statements and Strategic Transactions.

Note: Portfolio composition based on portfolio square feet by asset class and geography.

Pro forma for awarded assets of \$178 million, which assumes approximately 740,000 square feet are purchased

7 Pro froma portfolio square feet for remisement of \$459 million of proceeds into multifamily acquisitions. Also assumes reinvestment of \$88 million of ATM proceeds. Assumes 2.7 million square feet are purchased in multifamily acquisitions and distributed between North Carolina,



TRANSFORMATION UPDATE

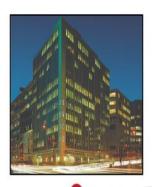
SOUTHEAST EXPANSION

Adding meaningful geographic diversity with strong demographic tailwinds

- ✓ Acquired The Oxford, a 240-home Class B multifamily community in Conyers, GA on August 10th for \$48 million
- Acquired Assembly Eagles Landing, a 490-home Class B multifamily community in Stockbridge, GA on November 19th for \$106 million
- Acquired Carlyle of Sandy Springs, a 389-home Class B Value-Add multifamily community in Sandy Springs, GA on February 1st for \$106 million
- ✓ Awarded exclusive negotiation rights and are proceeding through due diligence on two assets which substantially completes the deployment of the \$450 million commercial portfolio sale net proceeds into apartment communities in our targeted Southeast markets
- Expect to acquire approximately \$100 million of additional apartment assets in our targeted Southeastern markets during the first half of 2022

TRANSFORMATION UPDATE

EXPECTED STRATEGIC ACTIONS TIMELINE







- ✓ Announced agreement to sell office portfolio to Brookfield for \$766 million in gross proceeds
- ✓ Announced LOI to dispose of 8 retail assets in Q3 2021 for approximately \$168 million in gross proceeds





2H 2021

- ✓ Closed on office portfolio sale on July 26th
- ✓ Closed on first multifamily acquisition, The Oxford, in Conyers, GA on August 10th
- ✓ Closed on retail portfolio sale on September 22nd
- ✓ Redeemed the 2022 \$300 million notes and repaid \$150 million of debt under existing unsecured term
- ✓ Closed on Assembly Eagles Landing in Stockbridge, GA on November 19th
- ✓ Reached stabilization on Trove, which was 95% occupied at year-end





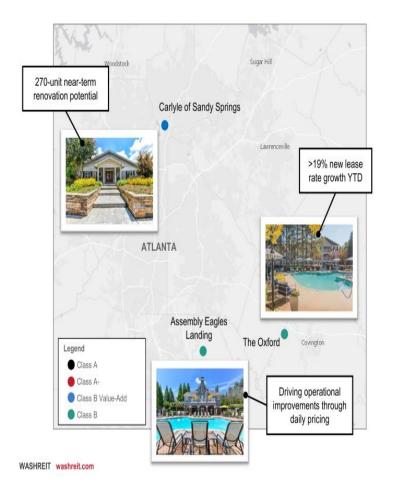
- ✓ Closed on Carlyle of Sandy Springs in Sandy Springs, GA on February 1st
- Awarded exclusive negotiation rights and are proceeding through due diligence on two assets which substantially completes the deployment of the \$450 million commercial portfolio sale net proceeds
- ✓ Continue sourcing expansion opportunities in the Southeast to deploy approximately \$100 million of additional capital towards multifamily acquisitions
- ✓ Continue to transform infrastructure to prepare to internalize multifamily operations

WASHREIT washreit.com

Note: Refer to slide 2 for certain disclosures regarding Forward-Looking Statements and Strategic Transactions.

ATLANTA PORTFOLIO

Our initial acquisitions align with our Class B and Class B Value-Add Strategies and represent a combined cap rate of over 4% with very strong NOI growth prospects over the first few years



>4% Combined Cap Rate

21.6%

YTD Effective New Lease Rate Growth¹

>\$350

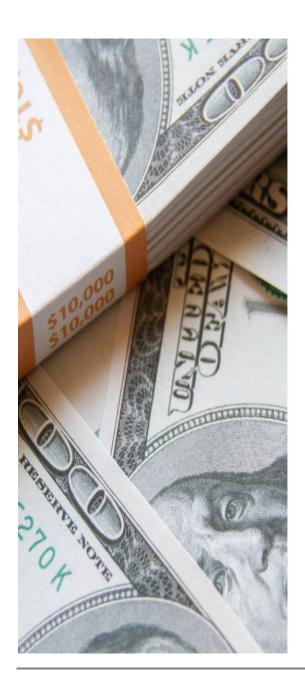
Average difference in our monthly rent vs new deliveries in each submarket

13.5%

YTD Effective Renewal Lease Rate Growth¹

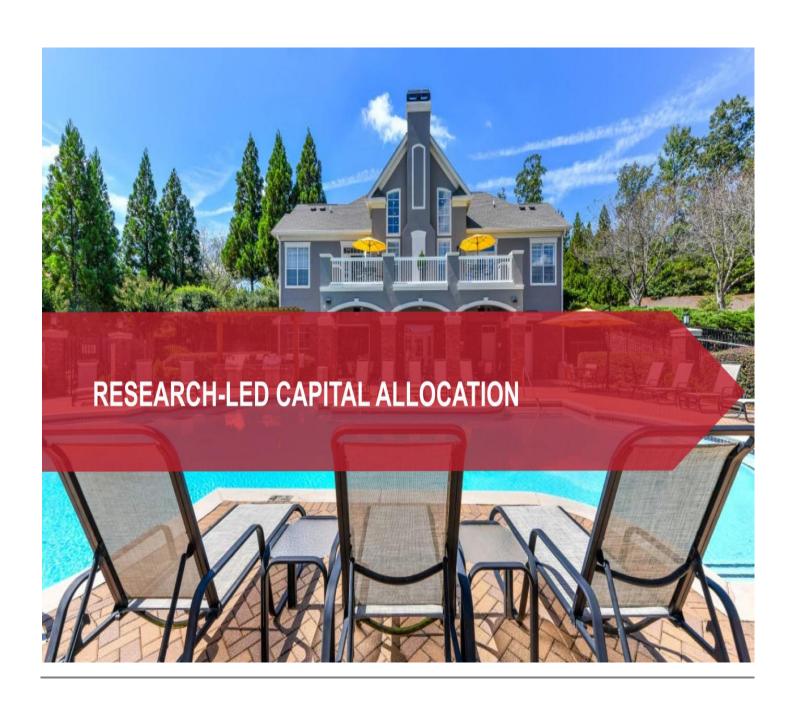
Source: RealPage Market Analytics; February 2022.

¹ Lease rate growth for The Oxford and Assembly Eagles Landing



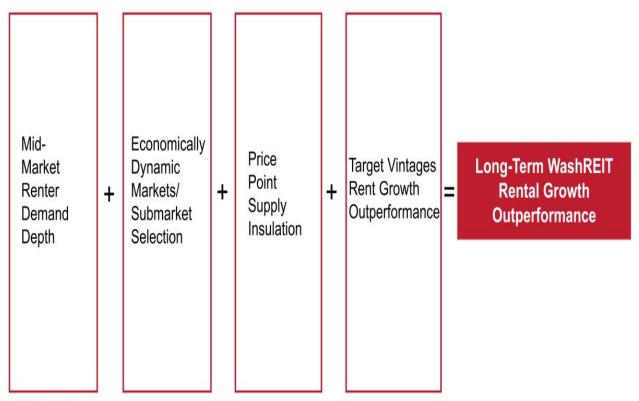
CAPITAL MARKETS

- Redeemed \$300 million of senior unsecured notes due in 2022 on August 26th
- Repaid \$150 million of amounts outstanding on the \$250 million unsecured term loan maturing in 2023 in September
- Renewed the \$700 million revolving credit facility for a four-year term ending in August 2025 with two six-month extension options. The amended credit agreement includes an accordion feature that allows the Company to increase the aggregate facility to \$1.5 billion.
- ✓ Current available liquidity of \$800 million, consisting of the entire capacity under the Company's \$700 million revolving credit facility plus cash on hand
- ✓ In Q4 2021 and Q1 2022 issued 2.6 million common shares through the Company's At-the-Market (ATM) at an average price of \$25.79 for gross proceeds of \$68.2 million.
- The Company has no secured debt and no scheduled maturities until July 2023



COMPETITIVE DIFFERENTIATION

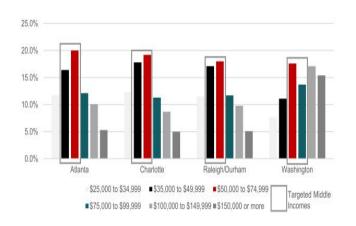
We have a disciplined strategy that targets the deepest part of the demand curve, in economically dynamic markets and submarkets. These generators of strong demand coupled with price point supply insulation result in a track record of rent growth outperformance in our targeted vintages of assets. WashREIT's strategies harness these market dynamics for long-term rental growth.

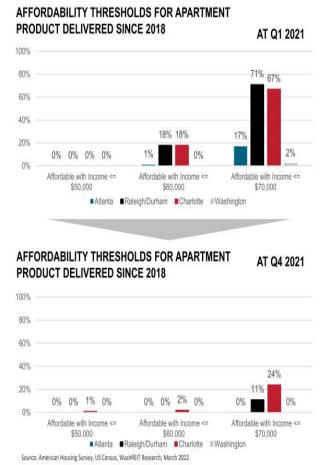


MID MARKET RENTER DEMAND: DEEP AND UNDERSERVED

Middle incomes and price points make up the largest share of apartment demand, yet a limited and rapidly decreasing share of new supply is affordable to these renters.

SHARE OF RENTER HOUSEHOLDS BY INCOME LEVEL



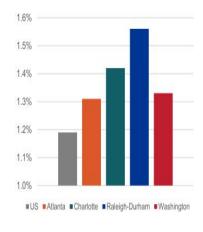


ECONOMICALLY DYNAMIC MARKETS & SUBMARKETS

WashREIT's market and submarket selection targets economies with diverse, innovation industries that drive outsized job creation, wage-growth and in-migration. Dynamic economies provide the strong foundation of demand upon which we grow our portfolio.

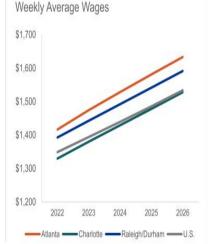
Employment growth in each of our target markets is projected to outpace the US average through 2026.

PROJECTED EMPLOYMENT GROWTH 2022 – 2026



Wage growth in each of our Southeastern markets is projected to exceed the US average.

PROJECTED WAGE GROWTH 2022 - 2029



Population growth in each of our target markets has been among the strongest in the US and is expected to far exceed the national average through 2026.

POPULATION CHANGE SINCE 2020

Atlanta	79,700	+1.3%	12th in US	
Raleigh	31,600	+2.2%	2 nd in US	
Charlotte	51,700	+2.0%	3 rd in US	
Washington	57,200	+0.9%	19 th in US	

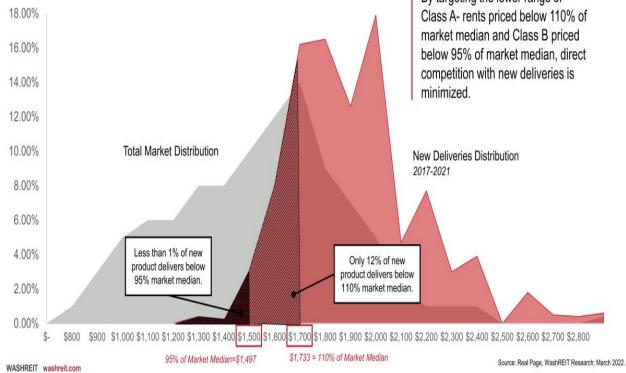
Source: Oxford Analytics; March 2022.

PRICE POINT SUPPLY INSULATION

TOTAL MARKET RENT DISTRIBUTION VS. NEW PRODUCT DELIVERIES

Our disciplined approach to market pricing position of our community acquisitions provides considerable mitigation of supply pressures from new product while simultaneously maintaining an affordability gap, enabling targeted renovation programs.

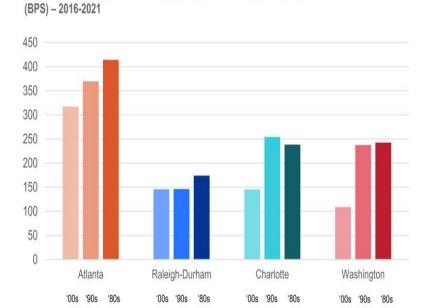
Atlanta By targeting the lower range of market median and Class B priced competition with new deliveries is



TARGET VINTAGE RENT GROWTH OUTPERFORMANCE

Older vintages of communities in our target markets have a track record of effective rent growth outperformance.

SAME-STORE ANNUAL EFFECTIVE RENT GROWTH OUTPERFORMANCE OF OLDER VINTAGES vs. NEW PRODUCT¹



AVERGE SAME-STORE ANNUAL EFFECTIVE RENT GROWTH OUTPERFORMANCE '00s - '80's

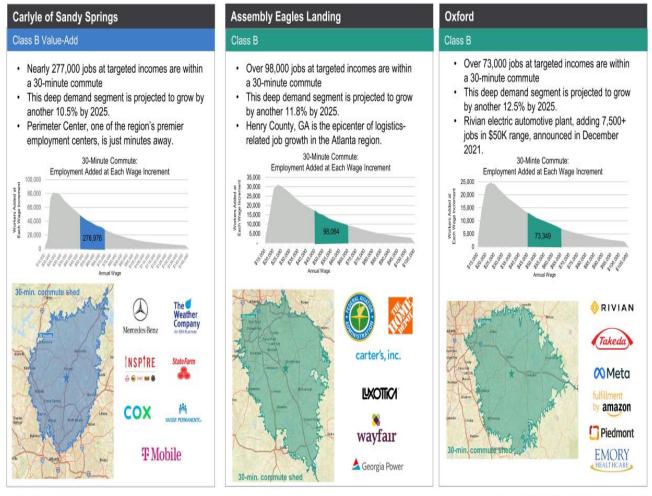
(BPS) 2021

Atlanta	+600
Raleigh-Durham	+200
Charlotte	+200
Washington	+475

Note: Product delivered in the 2010s. Source: Real Page, WashREIT Research; March 2022.

ATLANTA METRO MARKETS

Our research has led us to invest in areas that are poised for strong, sustained growth



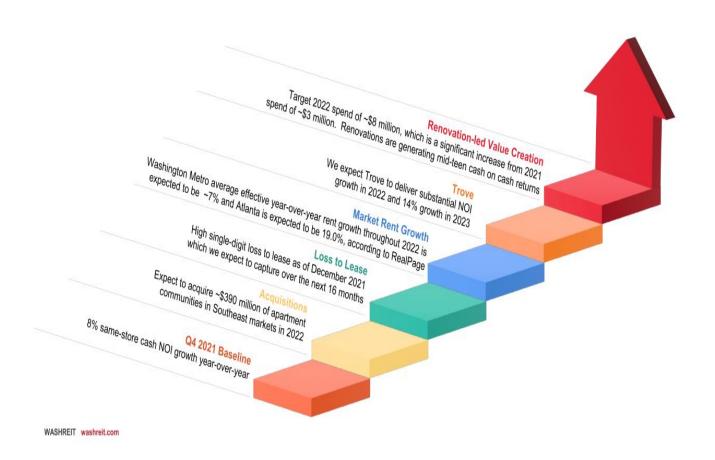
WASHREIT washreit.com

Sources: ESRI, RealPage Market Analytics, Emsi Burning Glass.



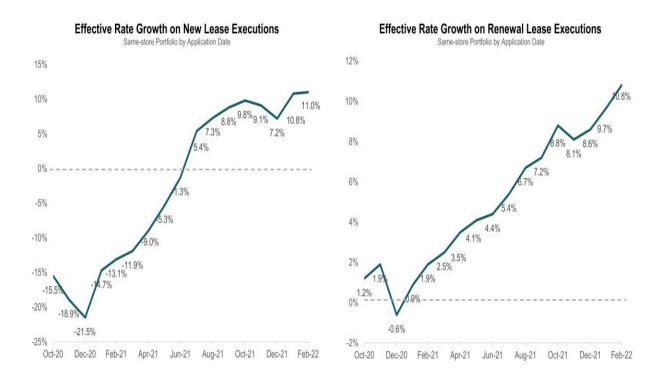
EARNINGS MOMENTUM

2022 will be a year of building momentum as Southeast acquisitions drive higher NOI growth and our same-store portfolio captures outsized market rent growth. As NOI ramps up throughout the year, we will be establishing a significantly higher earnings run rate to grow from with a stronger growth trajectory.



SAME STORE LEASE RATES CONTINUE TO GROW

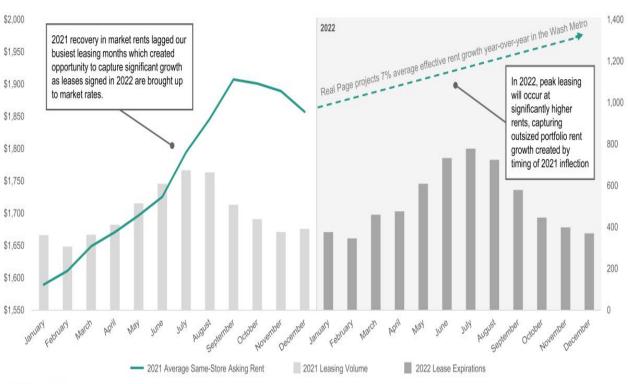
We are positioned well heading into the spring leasing season with double digit lease rate growth on our most recent new lease executions. Our blended lease rate growth is outperforming the DC Metro average as reported by RealPage transaction data.



INFLECTION TIMING PUSHED GROWTH INTO 2022 AND 2023

The timing of the 2021 recovery in market rents created an opportunity to capture significant growth during the peak leasing season in 2022

Same-store Asking Rent vs Leasing Volume



ATLANTA PORTFOLIO IS OUTPERFORMING

Initial acquisitions are generating very strong growth with average new lease executions up over 21% on a year-to-date basis

Oxford



Assembly Eagles Landing YTD Effective New Lease Rate Growth

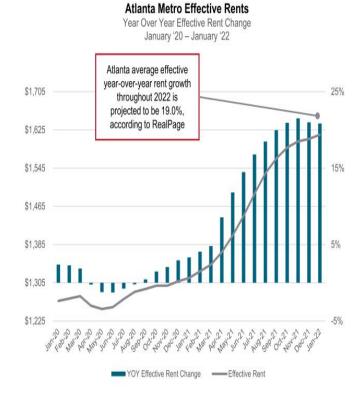
21.6%

13.5% YTD Effective Renewal

Lease Rate Growth



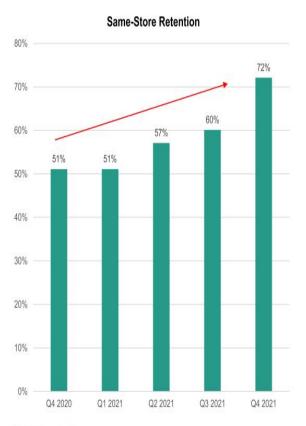
95% Occupancy

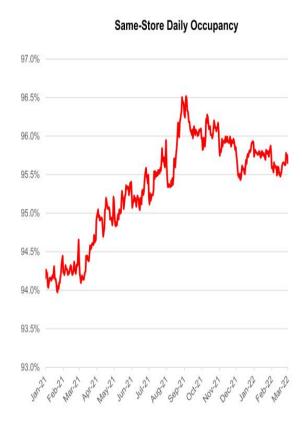


Source: RealPage Market Analytics
WASHREIT washreit.com

RETENTION AND OCCUPANCY

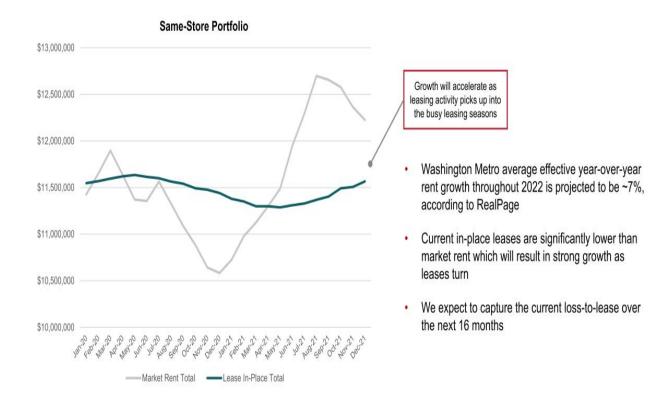
Retention was a very strong 72% during the fourth quarter, higher than expected, and a significant increase compared to 51% in Q4 2020. This has allowed us to retain high occupancy during the slower winter leasing period and to begin to capture stronger renewal rates.





SAME STORE LOSS TO LEASE

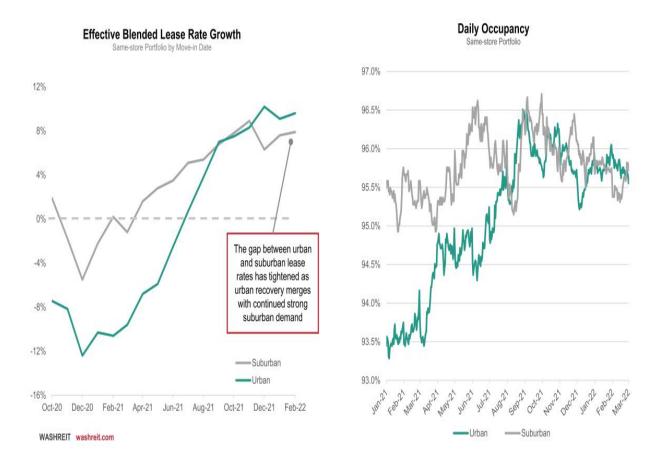
In-place rents are trending up but are still below market which creates opportunity to capture significant growth as leasing activity and market rental rates increase into the spring and summer



^{*}Loss to lease represents total in-place lease rent compared to the average market rent for the period presented. Data shown before the effect of concessions

URBAN VS SUBURBAN PORTFOLIO TRENDS

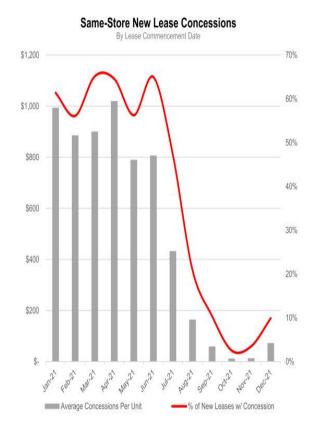
Fundamentals continued to rapidly improve in Q4 with urban rental rates showing the most significant improvement. Our suburban portfolio performed well during the downturn and new lease rates are currently 15% above pre-pandemic levels and still growing.



CASH NOI GROWTH

Same-store NOI increased 8% year-over-year on a cash basis in Q4 2021 driven by significantly lower concessions granted vs the prior year period. We expect same-store cash NOI to be higher than same-store NOI until mid-year when prior year period reflects return to normalized concessions.





We expect Trove to

TROVE DEVELOPMENT

Trove has fully stabilized with occupancy at 95% heading into the strong spring and summer months. 2022 same-store multifamily NOI growth combined with Trove is expected to range between 11.5% to 13.5%.



- · Class A product for the value seeking renter
- · 401 units; 95% occupied at year-end
- Rooftop pool with views overlooking a golf course and DC monuments
- · Proximate to some of the largest employers in the region
- 6-minute drive to Pentagon City and Amazon HQ2
- Achieved LEED Silver

2022 YTD Effective New Lease Rate Growth



21%

VALUE-ADD PROGRAMS

Renovation programs create an improved living experience while generating strong returns

Current Opportunity

- + ~2,900-unit renovation pipeline
- + Target 2022 full renovation spend of ~\$8 million, which is a significant increase from 2021 spend of ~\$3 million. After putting the program on hold during the pandemic, 2021 experienced a gradual ramp up.

Methodology

- + Research-driven capital allocation
- + Scope tailored to submarket and individual asset
- + Returns Threshold: 10%-20% in current environment

Status

+ Remobilized and capitalizing on suburban demand

Going Forward, We Plan To

- Execute program in existing Washington, DC metro pipeline
- + Expand Value-Add B in the Southeast
- + Expanding pipeline for future renovation growth through our Class A- Strategy

	FULL REN	UNIT UPGRADES	
KEY METRICS		2	
Avg. cost per unit	\$18-\$22,000	\$10-\$13,000	\$5-\$7,000
Avg. monthly premium	\$260	\$110	\$100
ROI	14%-15%	10%-11%	18%-20%

AFTER

BEFORE







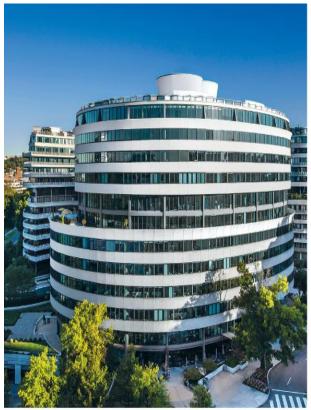
SCOPE

Appliances, counter-top replacement, new cabinetry, kitchen backsplash, open format kitchen, plumbing fixture updates, light package, flooring Appliances, counter-top replacement, cabinetry doors, plumbing fixture updates, light package, flooring One of the following: Appliances, counter-top replacement, cabinetry doors, plumbing fixture updates, light package, flooring

TRACK RECORD

2015-2021

Units Completed 1,176 820 >1,000





WATERGATE 600

- Watergate 600 is our sole remaining commercial asset
- + We continue to benefit from owning and operating Watergate 600 and have grown occupancy steadily over the course of the past year to 91.3% as of December 31st and the percentage leased now stands at 92.4%.
- + The iconic Watergate 600 office property was retained to maximize its value as it had the longest weighted average lease term in the office portfolio, and we believe would achieve greatest value separately.
- Watergate 600 has a high-quality institutional tenant base and a weighted average lease term of 8 years.

295,000 NRSF **92.4%** Leased

91.3% Occupied

O A I T ()/.

as of December 31, 2021

WALT (Years)

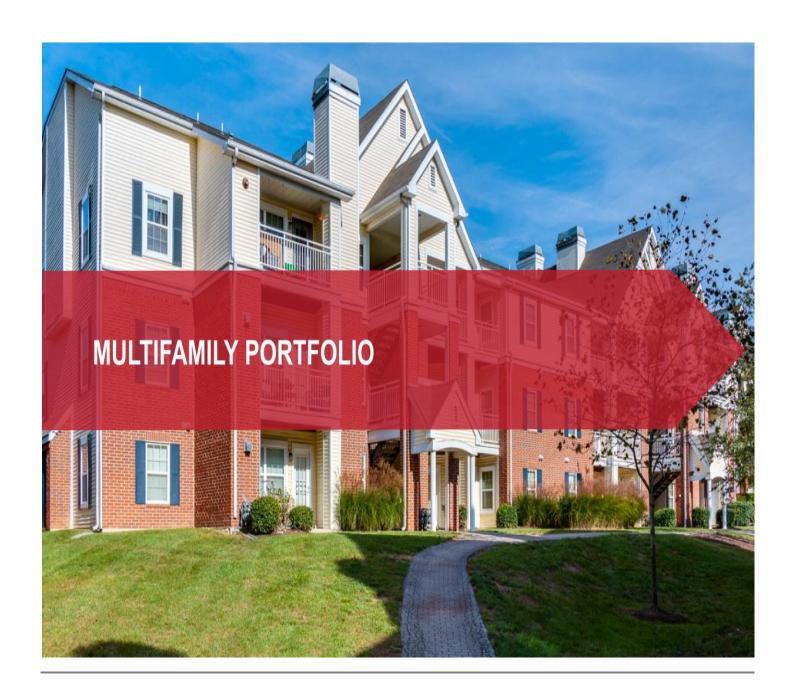
MAJOR TENANTS











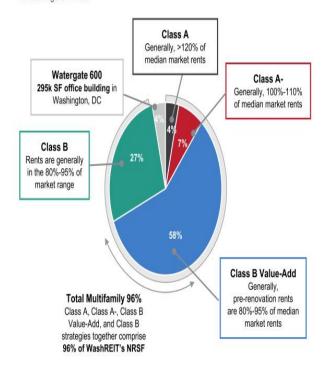
MULTIFAMILY PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION

As of December 31, 2021

Properties	Location	Class	Units	NRSF (000s)	% Occupied
Clayborne	Alexandria, VA	A-	74	60	97.3%
Riverside Apartments	Alexandria, VA	B Value-Add	1,222	1,001	95.3%
Assembly Alexandria	Alexandria, VA	B Value-Add	532	437	95.9%
Cascade at Landmark	Alexandria, VA	B Value-Add	277	273	96.8%
Park Adams	Arlington, VA	В	200	173	95.5%
Bennett Park	Arlington, VA	A-	224	215	96.4%
The Maxwell	Arlington, VA	A-	163	116	96.3%
The Paramount	Arlington, VA	В	135	141	95.6%
The Wellington	Arlington, VA	B Value-Add	711	600	96.3%
Trove	Arlington, VA	Α	401	293	94.5%
Roosevelt Towers	Falls Church, VA	В	191	170	94.8%
The Ashby at McLean	McLean, VA	В	256	274	95.7%
Assembly Dulles	Herndon, VA	B Value-Add	328	361	95.4%
Assembly Herndon	Hemdon, VA	B Value-Add	283	221	95.8%
Assembly Manassas	Manassas, VA	B Value-Add	408	390	95.3%
Assembly Leesburg	Leesburg, VA	В	134	124	98.5%
Bethesda Hill Apartments	Bethesda, MD	В	195	225	95.9%
Assembly Germantown	Germantown, MD	B Value-Add	218	211	96.3%
Assembly Watkins Mill	Gaithersburg, MD	В	210	193	98.6%
3801 Connecticut Avenue	Washington, DC	B Value-Add	307	178	97.1%
Kenmore Apartments	Washington, DC	B Value-Add	374	268	94.9%
Yale West	Washington, DC	A-	216	173	96.3%
The Oxford	Conyers, GA	В	240	273	95.0%
Assembly Eagles Landing	Stockbridge, GA	В	490	534	95.7%
Carlyle at Sandy Springs	Sandy Springs, GA	B Value-Add	389	506	N/A
Total // Stabilized Multifan	nily Properties		8,178	7,410	95.8%
Watergate 600	Washington, DC	-	-	295	91.3%

Strategy Diversification

Percentage of NRSF

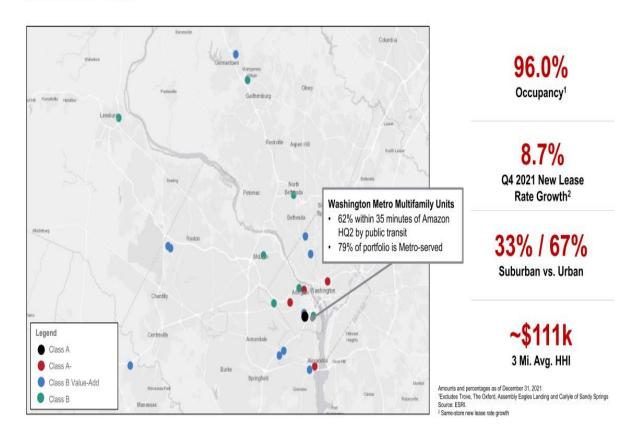


Note: Refer to slide 2 for certain disclosures regarding Forward-Looking Statements.

1 For multifamily buildings, ending occupancy based on units. For Watergate 600, ending occupancy based on square feet that includes temporary lease agreements.

MULTIFAMILY UNIT DISTRIBUTION IN WASHINGTON METRO

~80% of our Washington Metro multifamily units are currently located in Northern Virginia and over 30% are located in the suburbs



PORTFOLIO STRATEGIES

We target submarkets with attributes we believe are most likely to drive rent growth, tailoring our specific investment strategy to best create value.



Vintage: 2000's

Rent Growth Drivers: Operational Improvements, Unit Upgrades, Prop-Tech, Submarket Rent Growth, Future Renovations

Price Point: 100%-110% of market median rent



CLASS B VALUE-ADD



Vintage: 1980's, 1990's, 2000's

Rent Growth Drivers: Operational Improvements, Full Renovations, Submarket Rent Growth

Price Point: 80%-95% of market median, prerenovation rent



Targeted Go-Forward Capital Allocation

CLASS B



Vintage: 1980's, 1990's, 2000's

Rent Growth Drivers: Operational Improvements, Submarket Rent Growth, Future Renovations

Price Point: 80%-95% of market median rent



Targeted Go-Forward Capital Allocation

PRIMARY RESIDENT SEGMENTING AND STRATEGY

We target a diverse set of renters across markets and prices creating greater portfolio stability and strength

CLASS A- RENTERS



- Mix of single householders and married couples in their mid-20s to late-30s.
- Environmentally, health, and image conscientious – all impacting their purchasing decisions.
- Household income is generally between \$60,000 - \$80,000, varying by market.

Renters are partial to city living and convenience – our Class A- strategy focuses on urban and suburban assets that are perceived as a value play to renters.

CLASS B VALUE-ADD RENTERS



- Diverse mix of families and singles, some with roommates.
- Characterized by careful spending but with different drivers: some residents tend to be price savvy but will pay for brands they trust, while others carefully balance spending with student loans or retirement funds.
- Household income generally between \$50,000 - \$70,000, varying by market.

Renters are savvy and look for both value and social alignment – our Class B Value-Add strategy provides upgraded living at affordable prices.

CLASS B RENTERS



- Mix of life stages from new college graduates to retirees, and a mix of education and jobs - from blue collar workers to new college graduates.
- Characterized as careful spenders due to their limited incomes, Class B renters are hard working and striving to get ahead.
- Household income generally between \$45,000 - \$65,000, varying by market.

Renters are price-conscious and hard working - our Class B strategy appeals to the largest rental cohort with broad demographic characteristics who are longterm renters.

Source: ESRI, WashREIT Research; May 2021.

ACQUISITIONS ALIGNED WITH STRATEGY

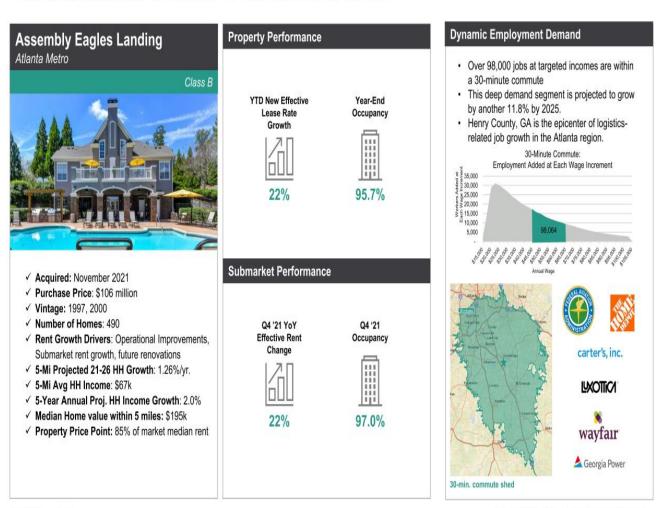


WASHREIT washreit.com

Sources: ESRI, RealPage Market Analytics, Emsi Burning Glass.

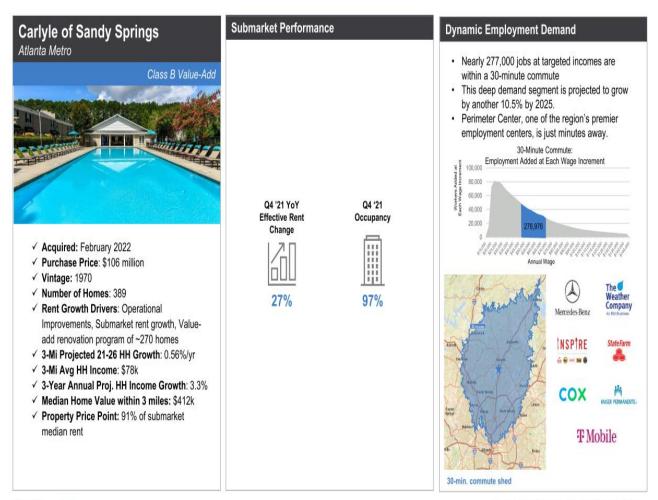
30-min. commute shed

ACQUISITIONS ALIGNED WITH STRATEGY



WASHREIT washreit.com Sources: ESRI, RealPage Market Analytics, Emsi Burning Glass.

ACQUISITIONS ALIGNED WITH STRATEGY



WASHREIT washreit.com

Sources: ESRI, RealPage Market Analytics, Emsi Burning Glass.

EXECUTION TRACK RECORD TO CONTINUE

Multifamily Execution

- + Expanded into the Southeast beginning in 2021 and have closed three acquisitions in Atlanta, Georgia.
- Completed approximately 2,000 renovations of varying scopes since 2015, at average cash-on-cash returns of 10% to 20%.
- In 2020, leveraged a covered land site to deliver Trove, a 401-unit, Class A project 1.5 miles from Amazon HQ2, at a >30% total basis discount to current value.
- Our research-led suburban multifamily Assembly portfolio acquisition added value to our portfolio and has outperformed our expectations during the pandemic.
- Since 2013, assuming we complete these transactions, we will have completed ~\$5.1 billion of strategic portfolio transactions to increase our exposure to valueoriented multifamily investments while reducing concentrations of non-core retail and office assets.

\$1.6 Billion of Value-Oriented Multifamily Investments since 2015¹





Cascade at Landmark 2019











Note: Refer to slide 2 for certain disclosures regarding Forward Looking Statements and Strategic Transactions.

1 Pro forms for 2022 guidance of approximately \$270 million to \$290 million of additional multifamily acquisitions are expected to be completed in the first half of the year



DELIVERING ON ESG PRIORITIES



INTEGRATING CLIMATE RISK

Climate risk assessments are fully integrated into our acquisition process, from deal identification to underwriting, due diligence, and investment committee. We evaluate the physical risks impacting property operations and expenses and the transition risks impacting the investment strategy. And we maintain climate risk transparency through our commitment to Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD).



BRIDGING THE HOUSING AFFORDABILITY GAP

WashREIT's focus on providing quality, affordable housing to the underserved middle-income market meets a pressing social need and maintains existing communities, while providing consistent and solid returns to our investors.



IMPACT IMPROVEMENT OPPORTUNITIES

Operating high-performing buildings will continue to be our focus, and we will raise the bar of any acquisitions to meet WashREIT standards for sustainability. We prioritize energy and water efficiency, resident health and wellness, sustainable purchasing, and resource conservation. We will seek to close the gap between existing operations and our standards as part of our onboarding process, similar to the approach taken in pursuing BREEAM certification for the Assembly portfolio.

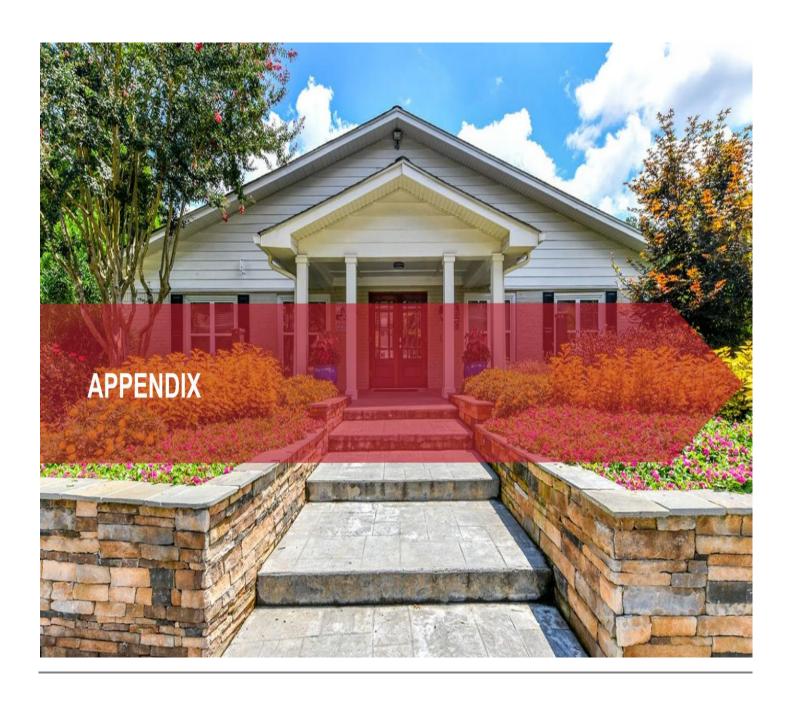


WashREIT completed \$350 million Green Bond allocation and became the first multifamily Company to achieve BREEAM certification in the US in Q4 2021.

WashREIT is committed to net zero carbon operations in alignment with ULI Greenprint Net Zero by 2050.

"The problem is there's no moderateincome housing for people to move up from lower-cost housing, or to move down from an expensive apartment if their circumstances change. REITs can provide investment into that middle level of housing."

> Christopher Ptomey Executive Director Terwilliger Center for Housing Urban Land Institute



Consolidated Statements of Operations (In thousands, except per share data) (Unaudited)



	Twelve Months Ended			Three Months Ended										
OPERATING RESULTS	12/3	31/2021		12/31/2020	1	12/31/2021		9/30/2021		6/30/2021		3/31/2021	i	2/31/2020
Revenues			_		Γ		_		_		_		_	
Real estate rental revenue	\$ 16	9,151	\$	176,004	\$	44,748	\$	42,499	\$	41,297	\$	40,607	\$	42,788
Expenses														
Property operating and maintenance	(3	8,741)		(39,625)	l	(10,086)		(9,901)		(9,359)		(9,395)		(10,027)
Real estate taxes and insurance	(2	(22,041)		(23,357)	l	(5,516)		(5,544)		(5,385)	(5,596)			(5,937)
Property management	(6,133)			(6,145)	l	(1,685)		(1,499)		(1,486)		(1,463)		(1,463)
General and administrative	(2	(27,538)		(23,951)	l	(7,700)		(7,909)		(6,325)		(5,604)		(5,988)
Transformation costs	((6,635)		-	l	(1,839)		(1,016)		(3,780)		-		_
Depreciation and amortization	(7	2,656)	8	(70,336)	(20,114)		(18,252)			(17,303)		(16,987)		(17,653)
	(17	3,744)	_	(163,414)	Γ	(46,940)	_	(44,121)	_	(43,638)	_	(39,045)	Т	(41,068)
Loss on sale of real estate		-		(15,009)		_		_		_		_		(7,470)
Real estate operating (loss) income	((4,593)	_	(2,419)	Г	(2,192)	_	(1,622)	_	(2,341)	_	1,562	_	(5,750)
Other income (expense)					l									
Interest expense	(34,063)			(37,305)	(5,676)		(8,106)			(10,158)	58) (10,123)			(8,998)
Loss on interest rate derivatives	(5,866)			(560)	l	-		(106)		(5,760)	0) —		(560)	
Loss on extinguishment of debt	(12,727)		(34)		l	-		(12,727)		-		-		(296)
Other income	4,109		-		1,072		231		1,522			1,284		_
Income tax (expense) benefit		-		_	l	_		_		_		_		_
Loss from continuing operations	(5	3,140)	_	(40,318)	Γ	(6,796)	_	(22,330)	_	(16,737)	_	(7,277)	Т	(15,604)
Discontinued operations:														
Income from operations of properties sold or held for sale	2	3,083		24,638	l	_		7,208		9,745		6,130		4,567
Gain on sale of real estate, net	4	6,441				_		46,441		_		_		_
Income from discontinued operations	6	9,524		24,638	Г	_	Ξ	53,649	Ξ	9,745		6,130	Ξ	4,567
Net income (loss)	\$ 1	6,384	\$	(15,680)	\$	(6,796)	\$	31,319	S	(6,992)	\$	(1,147)	\$	(11,037)
Per Share Data:			1000		Г									
Net income (loss)	\$	0.19	\$	(0.20)	\$	(0.08)	\$	0.37	S	(80.0)	\$	(0.02)	\$	(0.13)
Fully diluted weighted average shares outstanding	8	4,544		82,348		84,804		84,496		84,461		84,413		82,962
Percentage of Revenues:														
General and administrative expenses		16.3 %		13.6 %		17.2 %		18.6 %		15.3 %		13.8 %		14.0 9
Ratios:					1									
Adjusted EBITDA / Interest expense		3.7x		4.2x		3.5x		3.1x		4.0x		3.9x		4.1x
Net income (loss) / Real estate rental revenue		9.7 %		(8.9)%		(15.2)%		73.7 %		(16.9)%		(2.8)%		(25.8)9

⁽¹⁾ See "Definitions" for the definitions of NAREIT FFO and Core FFO.

⁽²⁾ Adjustments to the numerators for FFO and Core FFO per share calculations when applying the two-class method for calculating EPS.

Consolidated Balance Sheets (In thousands, except per share data) (Unaudited)



		12/31/2021		9/30/2021		6/30/2021		3/31/2021		12/31/2020
Assets	100						76	10011		111111
Land	\$	322,623	\$	306,507	\$	301,709	\$	301,709	\$	301,709
Income producing property		1,642,147		1,544,217		1,490,975		1,483,774		1,473,335
		1,964,770		1,850,724	_	1,792,684		1,785,483	_	1,775,044
Accumulated depreciation and amortization		(402,560)		(384,392)		(367,519)		(351,133)		(335,006)
Net income producing property	90	1,562,210	100	1,466,332	a ce	1,425,165	30	1,434,350		1,440,038
Properties under development or held for future development		30,631		30,254		30,065		29,718		36,494
Total real estate held for investment, net		1,592,841	_	1,496,586	_	1,455,230		1,464,068	_	1,476,532
Investment in real estate held for sale, net		_		-		779,121		785,763		795,687
Cash and cash equivalents		233,600		307,797		5,435		3,015		7,697
Restricted cash		620		605		595		566		593
Rents and other receivables		15,067		14,713		12,916		11,329		11,888
Prepaid expenses and other assets		33,866		33,109		28,297		28,126		29,587
Other assets related to properties sold or held for sale		_		_		86,811		87,169		87,834
Total assets	S	1,875,994	\$	1,852,810	S	2,368,405	\$	2,380,036	\$	2,409,818
Liabilities										
Notes payable, net	S	496,946	\$	496,823	\$	945,905	\$	945,634	\$	945,370
Line of credit		_		_		43,000		33,000		42,000
Accounts payable and other liabilities		40,585		38,864		47,897		44,241		44,067
Dividend payable		14,650		14,440		25,474		25,424		25,361
Advance rents		2,082		1,747		1,572		1,667		2,461
Tenant security deposits		4,669		4,480		4,374		4,256		4,221
Other liabilities related to properties sold or held for sale		_		_		23,748		26,912		25,229
Total liabilities		558,932		556,354		1,091,970		1,081,134		1,088,709
Equity										
Preferred shares; \$0.01 par value; 10,000 shares authorized		-		1 -		-		-		
Shares of beneficial interest, \$0.01 par value; 150,000 shares authorized		863		846		846		846		844
Additional paid-in capital		1,697,477		1,656,821		1.654.409		1,651,680		1,649,366
Distributions in excess of net income		(362,494)		(341,052)		(357,934)		(325,469)		(298,860)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(19,091)		(20,468)		(21,200)		(28,473)		(30,563)
Total shareholders' equity		1,316,755		1,296,147	_	1,276,121	100	1,298,584		1,320,787
Noncontrolling interests in subsidiaries		307		309		314		318		322
Total equity	-	1,317,062	_	1,296,456	-	1,276,435	-	1,298,902	_	1,321,109
Total liabilities and equity	S	1,875,994	S	1,852,810	S	2.368.405	8	2.380.036	S	2,409,818

Funds from Operations (In thousands, except per share data) (Unaudited)



		Twelve Mo	nths	Ended				Th	ree !	Months End				
	12	2/31/2021	1	2/31/2020	1	2/31/2021	1	9/30/2021	6	/30/2021	3	/31/2021	1	2/31/2020
Funds from operations (FFO) (1)														
Net income (loss)	S	16,384	\$	(15,680)	S	(6,796)	\$	31,319	\$	(6,992)	\$	(1,147)	\$	(11,037
Real estate depreciation and amortization		72,656		70,336	ľ	20,114		18,252		17,303		16,987		17,653
Loss on sale of depreciable real estate		-		15,009		_		_		_		_		7,470
Real estate impairment		_		-		-		-		-		_		_
Discontinued operations:														
Gain on sale of depreciable real estate, net		(46,441)		-		-		(46,441)		-		1-		-
Real estate depreciation and amortization		22,904		49,694		-		-		10,248		12,656		12,588
NAREIT funds from operations (FFO)	10	65,503		119,359	Г	13,318		3,130		20,559		28,496	2	26,674
Loss on extinguishment of debt		12,727		34		_		12,727		_		_		296
Loss on interest rate derivatives		5,866		560		_		106		5,760		_		560
Severance expense		173		_		_		-		_		173		_
Transformation costs		6,635		_		1,839		1,016		3,780		_		_
Insurance gain	10	(1,026)		_		(1,026)		_		-		_		_
Core FFO (1)	\$	89,878	\$	119,953	S	14,131	\$	16,979	\$	30,099	S	28,669	\$	27,530
Allocation to participating securities (2)		(393)		(545)		(44)		(73)		(137)		(139)		(92
NAREIT FFO per share - basic	S	0.77	\$	1.44	S	0.16	\$	0.04	\$	0.24	S	0.34	\$	0.32
NAREIT FFO per share - fully diluted	S	0.77	\$	1.44	S	0.16	\$	0.04	\$	0.24	S	0.34	\$	0.32
Core FFO per share - fully diluted	\$	1.06	\$	1.45	s	0.17	\$	0.20	\$	0.35	S	0.34	\$	0.33
Common dividend per share	S	0.94	\$	1.20	S	0.17	5	0.17	\$	0.30	S	0.30	\$	0.30
Average shares - basic		84,544		82,348		84,804		84,496		84,461		84,413		82,962
Average shares - fully diluted (for NAREIT FFO and Core FFO)		84,629		82,516		84,911		84,586		84,519		84,495		83,093

⁽¹⁾ See "Definitions" for the definitions of NAREIT FFO and Core FFO.

⁽²⁾ Adjustments to the numerators for FFO and Core FFO per share calculations when applying the two-class method for calculating EPS.

Adjusted Funds from Operations (In thousands, except per share data) (Unaudited)



		Twelve Mo	nths	Ended				Th	ree N	Months End	bd			
	12	31/2021	1	2/31/2020	12	2/31/2021	- 9	/30/2021	6	/30/2021	3	/31/2021	12	/31/2020
Adjusted funds from operations (AFFO) (1)														
NAREIT FFO	\$	65,503	\$	119,359	\$	13,318	\$	3,130	\$	20,559	\$	28,496	S	26,674
Non-cash loss (gain) on extinguishment of debt		833		(881)		-		833		-		-		296
Tenant improvements and incentives, net of reimbursements		(1,546)		(13,212)		(642)		(331)		(1,112)		539		(6,250)
External leasing commissions capitalized		(2,808)		(3,852)		(24)		(378)		(1,868)		(538)		(1,445
Recurring capital improvements		(4,874)		(5,044)		(1,366)		(1,485)		(1,156)		(867)		(2,164)
Straight-line rent, net		(1.738)		(1,758)		(218)		(347)		(625)		(548)		82
Non-cash fair value interest expense		-		(59)		-		-		-		-		-
Non-real estate depreciation and amortization of debt costs		5,265		3,795		1,241		1,330		1,350		1,344		987
Amortization of lease intangibles, net		368		1,942		(172)		(32)		195		377		477
Amortization and expensing of restricted share and unit compensation (2)		8,553		7,873		2,075		2,651		2,163		1,664		1,972
AFFO		69,556		108,163		14,212		5,371		19,506		30,467		20,629
Cash loss on extinguishment of debt		11,894		915				11,894		-		-		-
Loss on interest rate derivatives		5,866		560		-		106		5,760		-		560
Non-share-based severance expense		103		_		_		-		_		103		_
Transformation costs (3)		6,179		-		1,802		674		3,703		-		-
Insurance gain		(1,026)		1-		(1,026)		-		_		-		-
Core AFFO (1)	S	92,572	\$	109,638	\$	14,988	\$	18,045	S	28,969	\$	30,570	S	21,189

11 For a list of non same-store, discontinued operations and other properties, see "Same-Store Portfolio Net Operating Income (NOI) Growth 2021 vs 2020"

Net Operating Income (NOI) - Multifamily (Dollars In thousands)



	Apartment		Twelve Mo	nths	Ended	Three Months Ended									
	Homes as of 12/31/2021	12	12/31/2021		12/31/2020	12/31/2021		1	9/30/2021		6/30/2021		3/31/2021		2/31/2020
Rental and other property revenues	VII	_		8		Г				is.					
Same-store (1)	6,658	\$	141,301	\$	142,856	8	35,660	\$	35,408	\$	35,321	\$	34,912	\$	35,205
Acquisitions (2)	730		2,262		-		1,774		488		-		-		-
Development (1)	401		6,375		1,394		2,223		1,846		1,330		976		698
Non-residential (4)	N/A		1,027		888		233		304		211		279		293
Total rental and other property revenues	7,789		150,965		145,138	Г	39,890		38,046		36,862		36,167		36,196
Property operating expenses															
Same-store			51,112		50,993		12,523		13,003		12,550		13,036		12,996
Acquisitions			865		-		653		212		-		-		-
Development			3,258		1,579		838		846		853		721		684
Non-residential			292	8	280		73		85		65		69		72
Total property operating expenses			55,527		52,852	Г	14,087	_	14,146		13,468		13,826		13,752
Net Operating Income (NOI)															
Same-store			90,189		91,863		23,137		22,405		22,771		21,876		22,209
Acquisitions			1,397		-		1,121		276		-		_		-
Development			3,117		(185)		1,365		1,000		477		255		14
Non-residential			735		608		160		219		146		210		221
Total NOI		\$	95,438	\$	92,286	\$	25,803	\$	23,900	\$	23,394	\$	22,341	\$	22,444
Same-store metrics															
Operating margin			64 %		64 %		65 %		63 %		64 %	g	63 %		63
Retention			60 %		57 %		72 %		60 %		57 %	i.	51 %		51
Effective lease rate growth															
New			(3.0)%		(7.8)%		8.7 %		3.2 %		(8.1)%	è	(15.0)%		(15.1)
Renewal			4.8 %		2.3 %		8.2 %		5.1 %		3.5 %	ĺ	1.9 %		2.6
Blended			1.3 %		(2.1)%		8.4 %		4.3 %		(2.1)%		(6.8)%		(6.4)

If Includes properties that were owned for the entirety of the years being compared, and excludes properties under redevelopment or development and properties acquired, sold or classified as held for sale during the years being compared.

Plantudes properties that were acquired during one of the years presented. An acquired property is categorized as same-store when it has been owned for the entirety of the years being compared.

Planticines proporties for which we have planned or proping major construction activities on existing or acquired fand pursuant to an authorized development plan. We consider a properly development activities to be complete when the property is ready for its intended use. The property is categorized as same-store when it has been ready for its intended use for the entirety of the years being compared.

M Includes revenues and expenses from retail and public parking garage operations at multifamily properties.

The following tables contain reconciliations of net loss (income) to NOI for the periods presented (in thousands):

		Three Months Ended December 31,					onths Ended onber 31,		
		2021		2020		2021		2020	
Net (loss) income	\$	(6,796)	\$	(11,037)	\$	16,384	5	(15,680	
Adjustments:									
Property management		1,685		1,463		6,133		6,145	
General and administrative		7,700		5,988		27,538		23,951	
Transformation costs		1,839		-		6,635		-	
Real estate depreciation and amortization		20,114		17,653		72,656		70,336	
Loss on sale of real estate		_		7,470		_		15,009	
Interest expense		5,676		8,998		34,063		37,305	
Loss on interest rate derivatives		-		560		5,866		560	
Loss on extinguishment of debt, net		-		296		12,727		34	
Other income		(1,072)		-		(4,109)		-	
Discontinued operations:									
Income from operations of properties sold or held for sale		_		(4,567)		(23,083)		(24,638	
Gain on sale of real estate, net		_		_		(46,441)		_	
Total Net Operating Income (NOI)	\$	29,146	\$	26,824	5	108,369	\$	113,022	
Multifamily NOI:									
Same-store portfolio	\$	23,137	\$	22,209	5	90,189	5	91,863	
Acquisitions		1,121		_		1,397		_	
Development		1,385		14		3,117		(185	
Non-residential		160		221		735		608	
Total		25,803		22,444		95,438		92,286	
Watergate 600 NOI		3,343		3,105		12,931		12,853	
Other NOI (1)		-		1,275		-		7,883	
Total NOI	\$	29,146	\$	26,824	\$	108,369	\$	113,022	
Multifamily same-store NOI	\$	23,137	\$	22,209	\$	90,189	\$	91,863	
Adjust: Straight-lining of apartment lease concessions		400		(410)		197		(613	
Multifamily same-store Cash NOI	5	23,537	5	21,799	5	90,386	s	91,250	

⁽¹⁾ Represents other continuing operations office properties sold in 2020: Monument II, 1227 25th Street, John Marshall II

DEFINITIONS

Adjusted EBITDA is earnings before interest expense, taxes, depreciation, amortization, gain/loss on sale of real estate, casualty gain/loss, real estate impairment, gain/loss on extinguishment of debt, gain/loss on interest rate derivatives, severance expense, acquisition expenses and gain from non-disposal activities and transformation costs. Adjusted EBITDA is included herein because we believe it helps investors and lenders understand our ability to incur and service debt and to make capital expenditures. Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP and non-standardized measure and may be calculated differently by other REITs.

Adjusted Funds From Operations ("AFFO") is a non-GAAP measure. It is calculated by subtracting from FFO (1) recurring expenditures, tenant improvements and leasing costs, that are capitalized and amortized and are necessary to maintain our properties and revenue stream (excluding items contemplated prior to acquisition or associated with development / redevelopment of a property) and (2) straight line rents, then adding (3) non-real estate depreciation and amortization, (4) non-cash fair value interest expense and (5) amortization of restricted share compensation, then adding or subtracting the (6) amortization of lease intangibles, (7) real estate impairment and (8) non-cash gain/loss on extinguishment of debt, as appropriate. AFFO is included herein, because we consider it to be a performance measure of a REIT's ability to incur and service debt and to distribute dividends to its shareholders. AFFO is a non-GAAP and non-standardized measure, and may be calculated differently by other REITs.

Core Adjusted Funds From Operations ("Core AFFO") is calculated by adjusting AFFO for the following items (which we believe are not indicative of the performance of Washington REIT's operating portfolio and affect the comparative measurement of Washington REIT's operating performance over time): (1) gains or losses on extinguishment of debt and gains or losses on interest rate derivatives, (2) costs related to the acquisition of properties, (3) non-share-based executive transition costs, severance expenses and other expenses related to corporate restructuring and executive retirements or resignations, (4) property impairments, casualty gains and losses, and gains or losses on sale not already excluded from FAD, as appropriate, (5) relocation expense and (6) transformation costs. These items can vary greatly from period to period, depending upon the volume of our acquisition activity and debt retirements, among other factors. We believe that by excluding these items, Core AFFO serves as a useful, supplementary performance measure of Washington REIT's ability to incur and service debt, and distribute dividends to its shareholders. Core AFFO is a non-GAAP and non-standardized measure, and may be calculated differently by other REITs.

Core Funds From Operations ("Core FFO") is calculated by adjusting NAREIT FFO for the following items (which we believe are not indicative of the performance of Washington REIT's operating performance over time): (1) gains or losses on extinguishment of debt and gains or losses on interest rate derivatives, (2) expenses related to acquisition and structuring activities, (3) executive transition costs, severance expenses and other expenses related to corporate restructuring and executive retirements or resignations, (4) property impairments, casualty gains and losses, and gains or losses on sale not already excluded from NAREIT FFO, as appropriate, (5) relocation expense and (6) transformation costs. These items can vary greatly from period to period, depending upon the volume of our acquisition activity and debt retirements, among other factors. We believe that by excluding these items, Core FFO serves as a useful, supplementary measure of Washington REIT's ability to incur and service debt, and distribute dividends to its shareholders. Core FFO is a non-GAAP and non-standardized measure, and may be calculated differently by other REITs.

NAREIT Funds From Operations ("FFO") is defined by 2018 National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts, Inc. ("NAREIT") FFO White Paper Restatement, as net income (computed in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP")) excluding gains (or losses) associated with the sale of property, impairment of depreciable real estate and real estate depreciation and amortization. We consider NAREIT FFO to be a standard supplemental measure for equity real estate investment trusts ("REITs") because it facilitates an understanding of the operating performance of our properties without giving effect to real estate depreciation and amortization, which historically assumes that the value of real estate assets diminishes predictably over time. Since real estate values have instead historically risen or fallen with market conditions, we believe that NAREIT FFO more accurately provides investors an indication of our ability to incur and service debt, make capital expenditures and fund other needs. Our FFO may not be comparable to FFO reported by other real estate investment trusts. These other REITs may not define the term in accordance with the current NAREIT definition or may interpret the current NAREIT definition differently. NAREIT FFO is a non-GAAP measure.

Net Operating Income ("NOI"), defined as real estate rental revenue less direct real estate operating expenses, is a non-GAAP measure. NOI is calculated as net income, less non-real estate revenue and the results of discontinued operations (including the gain or loss on sale, if any), plus interest expense, depreciation and amortization, lease origination expenses, general and administrative expenses, acquisition costs, real estate impairment, casualty gain and losses and gain or loss on extinguishment of debt. NOI does not include management expenses, which consist of corporate property management costs and property management fees paid to third parties. They are the primary performance measures we use to assess the results of our operations at the property level. We also present NOI on a cash basis ("Cash NOI") which is calculated as NOI less the impact of straight-liming apartment rent concessions. We believe that each of NOI and Cash NOI is a useful performance measure because, when compared across periods, they reflect the impact on operations of trends in occupancy rates, rental rates and operating costs on an unleveraged basis, providing perspective not immediately apparent from net income. NOI and Cash NOI exclude certain components from net income in order to provide results more closely related to a property's results of operations. For example, interest expense is not necessarily linked to the operating performance of a real estate asset. In addition, depreciation and amortization, because of historical cost accounting and useful life estimates, may distort operating performance at the property level. As a result of the foregoing, we provide each NOI and Cash NOI as a supplement to net income, calculated in accordance with GAAP. NOI and Cash NOI on ot represent net income or income from continuing operations calculated in accordance with GAAP. As such, neither should be considered an alternative to these measures as an indication of our operating performance.

DEFINITIONS

Average Effective Monthly Rent Per Home represents the average of effective rent (net of concessions) for in-place leases and the market rent for vacant homes.

Average Occupancy is based on average daily occupied homes as a percentage of total homes.

Current Strategy represents the class of each community in our portfolio based on a set of criteria. Our strategies consist of the following subcategories: Class A, Class A-, Class B Value-Add and Class B. A community's class is dependent on a variety of factors. including its vintage, site location, amenities and services, rent growth drivers and rent relative to the market.

- · Class A communities are recently-developed, well-located, have competitive amenities and services and command average rental rates well above market median rents.
- . Class A- communities have been developed within the past 20 years and feature operational improvements and unit upgrades and command rents at or above median market rents.
- Class B Value-Add communities are over 20 years old but feature operational improvements and strong potential for unit renovations. These communities command average rental rates below median market rents for units that have not been renovated.
- Class B communities are over 20 years old, feature operational improvements and command average rental rates below median market rents.

Debt Service Coverage Ratio is computed by dividing earnings attributable to the controlling interest before interest expense, taxes, depreciation, amortization, real estate impairment, gain on sale of real estate, gain/loss on extinguishment of debt, severance expense, relocation expense, acquisition and structuring expenses and gain/loss from non-disposal activities by interest expense (including interest expense from discontinued operations) and principal amortization.

Debt to Total Market Capitalization is total debt divided by the sum of total debt plus the market value of shares outstanding at the end of the period.

Earnings to Fixed Charges Ratio is computed by dividing earnings attributable to the controlling interest by fixed charges. For this purpose, earnings consist of income from continuing operations (or net income if there are no discontinued operations) plus fixed charges, less capitalized interest. Fixed charges consist of interest expense (excluding interest expense from discontinued operations), including amortized costs of debt issuance, plus interest costs capitalized.

Ending Occupancy is calculated as occupied homes as a percentage of total homes as of the last day of that period.

Lease Rate Growth is defined as the average percentage change in either gross (excluding the impact of concessions) or effective rent (net of concessions) for a new or renewed lease compared to the prior lease based on the move-in date. The blended rate represents the weighted average of new and renewal lease rate growth achieved.

Recurring Capital Expenditures represent non-accretive building improvements required to maintain current revenues. Recurring capital expenditures do not include acquisition capital that was taken into consideration when underwriting the purchase of a building or which are incurred to bring a building up to "operating standard".

Retention represents the percentage of leases renewed that were set to expire in the period presented.

Same-store Portfolio Properties include properties that were owned for the entirety of the years being compared, and exclude properties under redevelopment or development and properties acquired, sold or classified as held for sale during the years being compared. We categorize our properties as "same-store" or "non-same-store" for purposes of evaluating comparative operating performance. We define development properties as those for which we have planned or ongoing major construction activities on existing or acquired land pursuant to an authorized development plan. Development properties are categorized as same-store when they have reached stabilized occupancy (90%) before the start of the prior year. We define redevelopment properties as those for which have planned or ongoing significant development and construction activities on existing or acquired buildings pursuant to an authorized plan, which has an impact on current operating results, occupancy and the ability to lease space with the intended result of a higher economic return on the property. We categorize a redevelopment property as same-store when redevelopment activities have been complete for the majority of each year being compared.

Transformation Costs include costs related to the strategic transformation including consulting, advisory and termination benefits.

